Islet of Atalanti

The existence of an Early Byzantine (6th-7th century A.D.) refuge settlement has been established on the islet of Atalanti (Talantonisi or Talanto), to the southwest of Psyttaleia in the Saronic Gulf, by a team from the University of Ioannina. Atalanti lies at a short distance from an Early Byzantine settlement site, on a small promontory on the northwest coast of Psyttaleia, which was excavated by V. Ch. Petrakos in 1986 (see *Ergon* 1986). In Sectors A and B on Atalanti visible architectural remains of the Early Byzantine period have been photographed, measured and drawn; diagnostic surface sherds have also been collected.

In Sector Gamma, on the east side of the islet, abundant sherds of small blackglazed pots, chiefly of Classical date, have been identified. This concentration of Classical sherds is rather intriguing and should be further investigated by trial trenches.



Atalanti. Aerial view of part of the islet, from east-southeast (photo. K. Xenikakis).